ESTABLISHED 1784

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The Alexandria Gazette

For this section—Increasing coludiness and somewhat colder, followed by snow today; tomorrow snow or rain.
High tide tomorrow; 9:48 a. m. 10:11 p. m.

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WHITE WAY REINTRODUCED IN CITY COUNCIL

Slight Hitch in Board of Aldermen May Be Adjusted

ADOPT ROAD MEASURE

Board of Aldermen Take Final Action For Payment of Interest Charges For Pike

Two ordinances in connection with the proposed white way on King street between Fairfax and Patrick streets, a distance of seven squares, were reintroduced as new business last night in common council and referred to the joint committee on light and finance and when these ordinances came before the board of aldermen they received another set back because of the failure of common council to include the street committee in naming the committees to which they were referred. The aldermen thereupon non-concurred in the action of common council and referred both measures to the joint committee on light, finance and streets. The action of the aldermen, therfore, means that common council will have to reconsider its action and concur in the action of common council. When the ordinances were first adopted by common council recently they were referred to the three last named committees. Unless common council holds a special meeting this means a further delay on the proposition of two weeks. The next regular meeting of common council will not be held until March 14.

It is expected that a special meeting of common council will be called within the next few days for the purpose of concurring in the action of the aldermen in order to prevent further dlays on the measure.

The board of aldermen adopted the ordinance providing that the city pay one-half of the interest charges for Fairfax county on its bond issue of $500,000 for the construction of the Little River Turnpike highway between this city and Fairfax Court House, a distance of fourteen miles. This was adopted recently by common council. It among other things provides that the sum not to exceed $15,000 a year for a period not to exceed five years. It was stated when the measure was adopted by common council that possibly the entire interest charges would not cost the city more than $35,000.

The action of the joint committee on finance and schools in awarding the lowest bidders the contracts for the construction of the new public school building was ratified.

The annual bill for imposing and collecting taxes from June 1, 1922, to May 31, 1923, and the annual license bill were referred to the finance committee.

An ordinance providing for the payment for street improvements which was adopted, provides that the city pay two-thirds of the cost and the abutting property owners pay one third and it gives the property owners a period of the three years after making an initial cash payment. The notes bearing interest at six per cent are taken by the city for the remainder.

In connection with the nomination of George W. Bontz, Sr., for the position of game warden for the city, to be paid by the state, the papers were returned by the state authorities, it being explained by Councilman Baggett that it was necessary for council to name ten persons before the nomination of Mr Bontz could be confirmed. The following were then nominated: W. H. Martin, H. E. Arnold, I. S. Groves, J. T. Luckett, F. A. Sullivan. H. V. Moore, N. R. Davis, W. D. Janiier, C H. Pendleton and G. W. Bontz. The position pays $40 a month.

Fire Chief E. J. McDermott recommended the purchase of pneumatic tires for pumping engine No. 1 at a cost of $630 and this was referred to the joint committee on fire and finance. In his communication the fire chief stated he recommended these tires for safety, low upkeep and longer life.

Councilman Ruben asked that council turn over to Alexandria-Washington Lodge of Masons for its museum a desk now in the office of the city marketmaster which originally was the property of that lodge but which since the fire in 1872 that destroyed the market buildings and museum has been the property of the city. On motion of Councilman Lawler the request was granted.

A petition of R. B. Washington that the city sell the ground rent at 126 North Fayette street to Howard D. Thomas for which Mr. Thomas now pays a rental of six dollars a year was referred to the public property and finance committees. President Burke stated that this property originally was given to the city, a site for a market. Mr. Washington also petitioned on behalf of James Caporaletti to erect metal sign at his garage on the 1800 block King street and it was referred to the street committee.

OVATIONS TO PRINCESS MARY AND LASCELLES

Londoners of Every Class Join In Celebration

IMPOSING SPECTACLE

Princess Appears Nervous as Ceremony Begins—Groom's Answers Are Clear and Distinct.

London, March 1.—King George gave his only daughter, Princess Mary, in marriage to Viscount Lascolles It was a great national event, which will live long in the memories of the vast throngs whose unrestrained plaudits greeted England's princess as she passed through festive streets to the altar in stately old Westminster Abbey to become the bride of an English commoner.

A bridal march within the walls rich in royal associations and a ritual witnessed by a grand assemblage and attended by the traditional splendors that mark state occasions were the more superficial features of the day's proceedings.

That which captivated an empire's imagination was the realization of a dream much older than empires—the marriage of a beautiful girl of exalted rank to a man of more humble station, but of proven gallantry.

The testimony of genealogists that through King Henry VII the bride and bridegroom are both descended from William the Conqueror in no way minimized this romantic aspect of the affair.

In the joyous faces of those crowding either side of the gay route from the palace to the sanctuary and in their tumultuous and prolonged outbursts of cheering and applause the good will and approval of a pageant-loving people, anxious to share in the happiness of this notable day, were vividly displayed. Another source of the nation's felicitations was recited in the daily press, which exulted that "this wedding does not link us with a foreign alliance that might prove in future years unpopular."

This feeling was expressed in various other forms—"today our princess marries not a foreign princeling, but an English gentleman, and hers is no diplomatic alliance—the future of Europe involved in a union contracted for reasons of state."

But it was from the slums, wherever they exist in London, that a large proportion of the madly cheering throngs poured to acclaim the princess and her husband. Among the richly-garbed wedding guests in the abbey were half a dozen representatives of organized labor and their wives, bidden at the instance of the King.

The scenes of regal pomp which gave the ceremony its theatrical excellence were most magnificent London has seen since the war, and the first since that catastrophe wholly unmarred with some tinge of tragedy. There have been state openings of Parliament, in which the King and Queen in golden coaches with gay escorts afforded bright spectacles, but their glamor was shadowed by sinister news or vague fears of domestic strife.

The happiness everywhere evident among the street throngs was quite as apparent in the abbey. It is doubtful whether in its centuries that edifice ever contained a more cheerful gathering.

The guests, however, were obliged to confine their approbation to welcoming smiles as the bride, in silver with long flowing veil and train held by two of her attendants, passed gracefully down the scarlet-ecarpeted aisle on the arm of the King.

TWO GAMES TONIGHT

A. L. I. vs. Metropolitan and Indians vs. Friend Make up Armory Bill For Tonight

Alexandria basket ball fans are promised two fast games in the Armory Hall tonight. The Metropolitan A. C. of Washington will tackle the A. L. I. team in the second game of the double bill. This team is one of the strogest basket ball teams in independent circles of Washington, having several excellent ex-college stars in its line-up. The season is nearly closed and the A. L. I. management will only book teams of the first magnitude from now on. The preliminary game will be between the Apache Indans and the Friends of this city. These are two of the best girl teams in this vicinity and a good game is sure to be the result. The first game will start promptly at 7:30 o'clock.

Iceland is nearly five times as large as the state of Massachusetts.

Asia, the largest continent, contains 17,206,000 square miles.

Bill of Alexandria County Lighting Company for electricity amounting to $73.69 furnished at the Armory was ordered paid.

WASHINGTON DAY BY DAY

Washington, March 1.—Just because a Pullman car conductor may be suspected of carrying a small quantity of "hooch" for the use of some customers is no reason why the prohibition authorities should attempt to tie up the transportation lines. This in effect was the information sent to the Department of Justice today from Boise, Idaho.

It appears that some of the agents of Commissioner Haynes in Idaho, hearing that a Pullman conductor had in his possession some liquor, were not content with arresting the employee, but seized the entire car. Word was received by Attorney General Daugherty today that a judge in Boise has just compelled the dry authorities to turn back the Pullman to its rightful owners.

According to figures complied by naval experts, it is estimated that $5,000,000,000 will be saved to the United States during the next 15 years through the adoption of the Hughes plan for the limitation of naval armaments.

These figures are based upon estimates of savings to be accomplished through the scrapping of 30 capital ships, the abandonment of the policy of building 2 new capital ships a year, the economy effected by abandonment of work on new dreadnaughts and battle cruisers and by the cessation of work on naval bases and other shore establishments. The estimate of $5,000,000,000 takes no account of radical increases in the cost of capital ship construction or of the possibility of some extraordinary development in the competition in armaments which might induce the United States to exceed the two-ship-a-year program hitherto advocated by many naval strategists as necessary to maintain the American fleet in its proper position in face of competition from Great Britain and Japan.

Hanford P MacNider, commander of the American Legion, and John Thomas Taylor, legislative agent of the Legion, had a conference with President Harding over the bonus matter yesterday At the conclusion of the meeting, Mr. Taylor said:

"We had a very pleasant and satisfactory talk with the President He assured us of his deep interest in the American Legion and in the ex-service men and said that he would do everything he could to help them. We are assured that there will be no unnecessary delay in the passage of bonus legislation through Congrss."

"Did the President give you such assurance?" Taylor was asked.

"No he did not," was the reply, and upon being pressed as to the authority for such assurance the legislative agent simply repeated that he was confident there would be no delay.

Chairman Fordney, of the Ways and Means Committee, and Representative "Nick" Longworth, of Ohio, a member of the committee, are in a clash over the bonus matter. Longworth openly charges that Fordney has been shifting with every wind that blew on the bonus and that it has been Fordney's inaction and lack of mental stamina that has got the Republican members into the hole out of which they find it hard to extricate themselves. There are charges that Fordney frequently has broken faith with his own colleagues on the committee, committing himself to one course one day and another on the following day.

The feud between the two members came to a head today when Chairman Fordney. with Majority Leader Mondell of the House, another whose position on the bonus has been different about every second day, went to see the President, in the hope of persuading him to accept a bonus bill without a revenue producing feature. When Longworth learned of this, he made an appointment with the President, and it is understood he urged the President not to follow the suggestions of either Fordney or Mondell.

Isaac Gregg.

DO YOU KNOW

More than 25,000 people are employed in the salmon canning industry in the State of Washington

Sheet iron can be rolled so thin that more than 15,000 sheets are required to make a single inch in thickness Light shines as readily through one of these sheets as through tissue paper.

When a regiment af 1,000 men, with equipment of 6,000 pounds, marches 10 miles, it does as much work as laborers raising a weight of 260,000 tons a distance of one foot.

A drop of nicotine will kill a rabbit in three and one-half minutes.

The surface of the earth in one geographical mile "falls away" or departs from a straight line, 8.04 inches.

More than 70 different varieties of wood are utilized in the manufacture of umbrella handles.

It required the labor of several million workers for ten years to build the great wall of China.

The Suez Canal, one of the world's greatest engineering projects, was completed nearly half a century ago. The canal cost $100,000,000 and is 48 miles in length.

Eighty different workmen have a part in perfecting the 10,700 pieces in a grand piano before they are assembled to make the completed instrument.

JUDGE MONCURE WILL ASK GRAND JURY PROBE

Replies to Letter Sent Yesterday by Ministerial Association

EARLY REPORT IS HOPE

Grand Jury May Meet March 13—Judge Wants a Full, Fair and Impartial Investigation of Situation.

Judge Robinson Moncure of the Corporation Court today sent a letter to the Ministerial Association following the receipt of a letter yesterday in which they asked the judge to request the governor of Virginia to make a thorough and exhaustive investigation of the divorce situation here and to take such action as the facts warrant. His reply, dated March 1, 1922, follows:

Rev. E. V. Regester, D. D., President and Members of the Alexandria Ministerial Association, Alexandria, Va.

Gentlemen:

Receipt of your letter of Feb. 28, 1922, is acknowledged. It has always been and is now my purpose to have a full and complete grand jury investigation of the divorce situation in Alexandria at the earliest possible time.

It is, however, due the Bar Association committee who have contributed much time and labor to their investigation to allow them to complete the same.

Members of that committee who have examined the records and situation would be very proper witnesses to go before a grand jury, and their knowledge would be complete.

There is a hearing before that committee the lattr part of this month, and the writer personally desires and will insistupon appearing before the committee and making a statement, which will probably be in the week following.

The writer hopes the committee will shortly and completely report.

A grand jury should have full and ample time to investigate, and the short period remaining for the February term would not be sufficient, but the March term (of one month) begins March 13, 1922, about which time a grand jury may certainly be expected, and it is the earnest desire of the writer that you co-operate for a full, fair and impartial inevstigation. Yours truly,

ROBINSON MONCURE,
Judge of the Corporation Court, Alexandria, Va.

The following was received by Judge Moncure from the Ministerial Association:

Alexandria, Va., Feb. 28, 1922.
Judge Moncure, Alexandria, Va.

Dear Sir:

At a meeting of the Alexandria Ministerial Association, held today, the following resolution was offered:

Whereas, serious irregularities in the administration of the divorce law in Alexandria have been publicly reported. be it therefore

Resolved, That we, the Ministerial Association of Alexandria, call upon Judge Moncure, in his official capacity to request the Governor of Virginia to make a thorough and exhaustive investigation of the divorce situation in Alexandria, and to take such action as the facts warrant.

Rev. E. V. Regester, D. D.; Rev. H P. Hammill, D. D.; Rev. O. P. Lloyd, Rev. Wm. J Morton, D. D.; Rev. Percy Foster Hall, Rev. Robt. Browne, Rev. E. B. Jackson, D. D.; Rev. D. H. Martin, D. D.; Rev. S. A. Wallis, D. D.; Rev. Edgar Carpenter

EDGAR CARPENTER, Sec'y.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS

Order Entered in U. S. Court to Hold in Abeyance

Received J. L. Crupper Authorized to Prosecute Suits He May Deem Expedient

In the United States Court yesterday afternoon Judge D. Lawrence Groner entered an order by which the bankruptcy proceedings in the case of the Virginia Shipbuilding Corporation be held in abeyance pending the outcome of the suits of the Virginia Shipbuilding Corporation against the United States Shipping Board, Emergency Fleet Corporation and the United States against the Virginia Shipbuilding Corporation.

Joseph L. Crupper, receiver, was authorized to prosecute in this suit or suits, which he might deem expendient for the benefit of the Virginia Shipbuilduing Corporation.

IN CONGRESS YESTERDAY

HOUSE

Met at noon and adjourned at 4:40 p. m., until noon today.

President Harding, addressing a joint session of Congress in the hall of the House, advocated sale of Shipping Board ships and aid of the merchant marine through a ship subsidy

Immediately after Mr. Harding's speech Representative Greene, of Massachusetts, chairman of the merchant marine committee, introduced a bill providing financial aid, estimated at $32,000,000 annually; sale of the tonnage now held by the Shipping Board and use of the funds as a construction loan fund

Passed and sent to the Senate a bill authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to extend the time for payment of construction charges on reclamation projects.

After a prolonged conference on the soldier bonus bill, Republican members of the ways and means committee said it was probable a bill would be passed without any revenue provision.

Chairman Butler, of the naval affairs committee, indicated he was figuring on a total enlisted naval strength of 75,000 instead of the 80,000 minimum advocated by President Harding.

Chairman Towner, of the insular affairs committee, after a conference with President Harding on Porto Rican affairs, announced that hearings would be held in the course of a few weeks on various bills affecting the island territory.

Governor Allen, of Kansas, before the commerce committee, advocated prompt action by Congress in restoring to the States control over local transportation rates.

SENATE

Met at noon and recessed at 5:12 p. m., until noon today.

The Yap treaty was under consideration throughout the day, with Senators Borah, Pittman, France and Reed opposing ratification.

Article I of the treaty was approved and an amendment to Article II. proposed by Senator Pittman, failed by a vote of 23 to 50.

An effort by Senator France to amend the Yap treaty to provide for the enforcement of prohibition in Yap failed, 11 to 52.

Senator Phipps, from the appropriations committee, reported the District of Columbia supply bill, $3,500,000 having been added to the House bill.

A recess was taken early in the day to attend a joint session in the hall of the House to hear the President's message on ship subsidy.

Secretaries Hughes and Hoover were confirmed as members of the world war forign debt commission. the judiciary committee having been granted ten days' additional time in which to report on the eligibility of Senator Smoot and Representative Burton to serve on that commission.

Chairman Jones, of the commerce committee, introduced a ship subsidy measure in line with the recommendation of President Harding in his message to Congress.

Before the dye investigating committee Edgar Nathan, of New York. representing importers of foreign dye stuffs, replied to recent statements by representatives of the Textile Alliance, and particularly "unjust and misleading statements" regarding Kuttroff, Pickhardt & Co,

Francis P. Garvin, president of the Chemical Foundation, assured Chairman Shortridge that all persons, books, records or other documents connected, directly or indirectly, with the development of the American organic chemical industry is at the service of the committee without subpoena.

Enriched by Crap Game

John Walker, Colored Held For Grand Jury on Suspicion of Robbery

"I won that $40 shooting crap last Sunday down near the gas works declared John Walker, colored, when arraigned today in the police court on suspicion of having stolen $60 from the residence of Mrs. T. Wellington Rose, 214 North Fairfax street, last Monday afternoon. Lavish expenditure of money, he having had two twenty dollar bills changed in making purchases was in a measure responsible for his arrest. The money was stolen from a pocketbook on the hall rack at the residence of Mrs. Rose consisted of three twenty dollar bills. Justice Duvall held the accused for the action of the grand jury. Walker was employed at the residence of Mrs Rose to do odd jobs.

He was arrested by Policemen Lawrence Padgett and Morris.

Prohibition Case Referred to Grand Jury

In the police court today a young man registered on the warrant as George Dunn was held for the action of the grand jury on a charge of violating the proivisions of the state prohibition law. At the residence occupied by him the police testified they recovered a small still, some corn whisky and destroyed a quantity of mash Dunn furnished bond in the sum of $500 for his appearance when wanted. He is represented by Attorney H. Noel Garnr. The arrest was made by Chief Goods, Sergeant Wilkinson, Policemen Magner, Lawrence Padgett and Morris.

LEWIS CANCELS MINE WORKERS' PEACE MEETING

Gives As Reason Refusal of Operators to Accept Proposal

STRIKE SEEMS SURE

Managers of Utilities Urged to Anticipate Walkout by Laying In Fuel Supply.

Chicago, March 1.—Last hopes of averting a strike of coal miners in the Eastern and Midwestern fields vanished yesterday when John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers, called off the peace conference which had been scheduled for tomorrow at Cleveland.

Failure of operators to respond to the invitations sent out for the Cleveland meeting was given as the reason.

With only a month remaining before the expiration of wage agreements, this blow-up of the latest attempt to get the operators and union officials together has left small possibility that any agreement averting the strike can be reached before the date set for the walkout.

So it appears that the strike, which, it is said, union officials privately admit is lost before it starts, must be declared.

Illinois operators and officials, regarding the strike as inevitable, are redoubling their efforts to arouse manufacturers and others to lay in stocks as heavy as possible.

Heads of great utilities requiring large quantities of coal were reminded that they could not depend upon the anthracite fields to fill in this time, as the agreements in both bituminous and anthracite fields expire simultaneously this year.

Union officials have been working to this end for many years. Heretofore their strikes have failed because other fields would be working when a strike was called.

Union leaders are working to induce railway unions to join them in sympathetic strikes, as this is their sole hope of staging anything like a successful walkout, but their efforts have met with indifferent success thus far

Will of Thos. Dewey

In the circuit court in vacation today the will of Thomas Dewey, dated January 6, 1920, was admitted to probate. Testator leaves $1,200 each to his children, Mrs. Fannie Struder, Sidney Dewey, Mrs. Maggie Roper, of his late son, Charles dauhter of his late son, Charles Dewey, he leaves $800 and to his stepson, Eugene Woodward, $200 is bequeathed. Testator names Sidney Dewey and Mrs. Cora Lee Ballenger as executors and they qualified as such

KIWANIS

"We thoroughly believe and heartily recommend that all Kiwanis affiliate with and give hearty support to their local Chamber of Commerce.

"We have record of at least 16 communities in which there were no Chambers of Commerce, and the local Kiwanis clubs have been the means by which new Chambers of Commerce have been actually organized."—E. C. Parker, General Secretary, Kiwanis Club, International.

Richmond—The hustings court grand jury investigating the Lexington Hotel fire disaster, which cost the lives of 12 persons and resulted in serious injury to a number of others trapped in the building the early morning of February 7, reported today that it was unable to find any criminal violation of the law It reported, however, that there was evidence of gross carelessnss, incompetency and a want of the proper regard for the safety and lives of both guests and employes

Individuality and the Chamber

An organization that exists only for the direct good each member derives from it can not survive The work of a Chamber of Commerce, a Rotary Club, a Kiwanis Club, an Exchange Club, or any other association, is far too big to consider individuals Commercial and civic organizations today are conducted for the direct benefit of the entire community, by making the community a better place in which to live and do business, by encouraging new industries and by fostering improvements. The man who asks "What benefit will I get out of the Chamber of Commerce?" must remember that the Chamber of Commerce is for no class of group of men, but for Utica. Many organizations have started with the old idea of "You scratch my back, and I'll scratch yours," only to find that they were on the wrong road to success and changed their methods. Even the strictly trade organizations and co-operative associations find that they must have a broader object in view than individual benefits.—Greater Utica.

EXPECT FIGHT ON PLAN FOR SHIP SUBSIDY

Harding's Scheme Thought Certain to Arouse Contest in Congress

PUBLIC STANDS LOSS

Ten Per Cent of Duties to Aid Shipping is Proposal—Other Suggestions.

Washington, March 1.—President Harding introduced yesterday what is probably the most radical, certainly the most distinctive, policy of his Administration to date, when he candidly laid before Congress a carefully conceived scheme of ship subsidies.

In proposing this, Mr. Harding defied all prejudice against the use of public money to meet the losses sustained by private enterprise. He also raised an issue which has been bitterly debated in Congress for many years.

Moreover, in championing the subsidy as a means of maintaining a great American merchant fleet, he he will know that he will precipitate another contest in the House and Senate, as impassioned perhaps as those of other years when, by filibuster subsidy measures were defeated

In his message the President took the offensive, however, by outlining what is admitted to be a genuinely constructive program of relief for the ship operator unable at the present time to show a profit. He suggested the creation of a shipping fund by taking 10 per cent of all duties collected on imports and depositing it to the credit of the Shipping Board. This is in lieu of the discriminating duty now allowed on all imports carried in American bottoms.

To this fund is to be added all tonnage charges, taxes, fees imposed on vessels entering American ports, also such sums as are payable to American vessels by the postal service for the transportation of the mails by water. Parcels post mail is excepted From all these sources it is expected that $30,000,000 or more will be made available for subsidizing American shipping.

Out of this fund, once established ships may be compensated by the Shipping Board on a scale ranging from one half of one cent for each gross ton, regardless of speed, for each 100 miles travelled up to a maximum of 2.6 cents for each ton for vessels steaming at the rate of 23 knots or better.

All ships accepting this subsidy are to carry the United States mails, parcels post excepted, free of charge. Once a ship earns 10 per cent on the actual investment, it shall cease to receive anything from the Government, and, if its earnings exceed 10 per cent. half of all it makes over that amount must be paid to the Government until all that may have been paid out to it is returned.

The cost of such a scheme will not be less than $15,000,000. the first year, the President estimates. Eventually the cost will run as high as $30,000,000 annually and may run higher.

The Administration, after giving to Congress a plan of "direct" aid to shipping, suggests series of "indirect" means of putting the merchantile fleet upon a substantial basis These are described as "highly helpful." without any draft upon the Federal Treasury. In brief, these plans include:

Legislation requiring American officials traveling on Government mission to sail on American ships.

Discontinuance, as far as practicable, of all army and navy transport services.

Authorizing preferential rail and ocean rates on through shipments in American bottoms.

An amendment to existing law permitting domestic railroads to own and operate steamship lines in other than coastwise trade.

Extension of the protection of coastwise shipping to the Philippines.

Requirement that immigrants shall use American ships wherever it is practicable.

Remission of a portion of income taxes. provided such remission is applied to the cost of new ship construction.

Extension of the Government loan for construction to the reconditioning of ships.

This is what the Administration proposes, directly and indirectly, for the maintenance of a permanent American merchant marine, a fleet of ships costing bilions of dollars and aggregating about 12,000,000 tons, exclusive of the wooden ships.

Outlaws Buyers of Liquor

Richmond, Va., March 1.—Purchasers of ardent spirits sold in violation of the prohibition laws are placed in the same category with illicit distillers and bootleggers by an amendment to the Mapp prohibition bill, adonted late last night by the Virginia senate.

Alexandria Gazette
SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS
AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

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FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVES
Bryant, Griffith and Brunson, 225 Fifth Avenue, New York, 607 Grant Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.
Peoples Gas Bldg., Chicago, 201 Devonshire St., Boston,

For Greater Alexandria

Ferry to Maryland Shore.
Improved Highway to Fairfax.
Great White Way on King Street.
Belgian Blocks Replaced on Washington Highway by Asphalt.
North Alfred and Columbus Streets Improved to Washington Boulevard.
New Public School.
Washington Boulevard Made Safe by Abutting Strips.
More Playgrounds for the Children.
Public Park.
Modern Y. M. C. A. Building.
Reduction in Gas Rates.
Reduction in City Taxes.
500 Houses or Apartments.
Municipal Pier.

Misdirected Publicity

The Gazette deprecates, and has at all times deprecated, certain recent attempts to hold up a whole city of twenty thousand people to the public gaze of the nation as a community of law-breaking criminals. To allege by inference that within its jurisdiction the lure of the dollar overcame all sense of shame, and that the average of morality was so low that the inhabitants trafficked in the wrecking of homes by the violation of laws regulating the institution of marriage.

That this publicity has been accomplished, and thoroughly accomplished, there can be no question. The Gazette knows of many instances where our citizens have received newspapers published in remote sections of the country, wherein Alexandria has either been held up to ridicule or made the subject of harshest criticism. The entire community has suffered; the innocent as well as the guilty. The stigma has weighed heavily upon every man, woman, and child in the municipality. Every home has been violated; every fireside besmirched. The lofty and unquestioned influence of the churches of Alexandria has been belittled by indirection. The reputation of worthy members of our Bar has been unjustly dragged in the mire of scandal. Our Chamber of Commerce, our women's civic associations, our quasi-religious bodies such as the Young Men's Christian Association, our pubic functionaries—in short, every living and breathing activity of the town has been so befouled in the muck and slime of scandalous publicity, that we have been fain to hide our heads in shame and sorrow, when abroad.

Granted that there have been violations of the divorce laws in Alexandria, the first question to arise, is, how many are implicated in the accusation? Is it a general dereliction peculiar to the jurisdiction of this city, or is it confined within narrow and inconsequential limits? Even the most violent of Alexandria's assailants have not accused more than a dozen or so of its inhabitants out of the twenty thousand self-respecting citizens who are proud to call it their home, and to whom it is the fairest spot on earth! This being true, then why should thousands upon thousands of our people share the obloquy and reproach that may rightfully belong to a mere handful?

This is due partly to the manner in which the public indictment has been drawn. We might at this juncture utter a scathing rebuke to those who, from personal motives of ill-feeling and venomous hatred, have sought a revenge on their enemies, reckless of the terrible blow given to their town by the insidious attacks on its reputation as an abode of decency and respect for the law. We might refer to the publicity gleefully given their scurrilous abuse as a revenue-producer and nothing more. We might compare that species of itch-for-the-dollar with its kindred greed for ill-gotten gains among those they attack. But we decline to descend to this low plane of controversy. In other words, we will neither impugn the motives nor question the objects of those who have been employed in giving rotten publicity to a whole city because of the alleged acts of a few of its inhabitants. It is to the methods adopted that we mainly address ourselves.

If this divorce evil has existed for years, as is their claim, why has it not been attacked before? It seems that the ministerial association have made one or two attempts to remedy a situation they believed full of evil, but they apparently did not go about it with any determination to end it. If they had been more determined and resolute, we feel sure they could have commanded access to any one of a number of grand juries, for the most part composed of worthy and upright citizens of the vicinage. They might, furthermore, have taken up the matter with members of their own congregation and insisted on action on their part. A persistent and earnest attempt by the ministerial association, it seems to us, would surely have met with adequate results, and without scandalizing a whole city.

Again, the members of the bar of Alexandria could have effected a revolution in divorce methods, had they likewise made an earnest and sincere effort. Or, one of the civic bodies could have taken it up, or a number of citizens, at any time, and brought about an amelioration of conditions, if not a complete reform. All these methods would have been effective, and would have spared Alexandria the humiliation it has recently endured.

But the truth is that the public, the bar and the ministry, have alike been lax in the matter. This, too, is not as strange as it might seem. Vague rumors are never sufficient upon which to base an indictment. And, as we have repeatedly stated in these columns, what is everybody's business is nobody's business.

The point we wish to make here, is that any method which would have kept the publicity more or less at home; which would have precluded the washing of our dirty linen in the public view of the nation; would have been infinitely preferable to the methods which have been so disastrously resorted to in the present instance. Apparently the devil himself could not have devised means more suitable to his purposes—since they have engendered a bitterness of feeling, a rancorous atmosphere of spite and malice and revenge in the community, apparently so deep and so dire, that we shall indeed be glad if they do not breed still worse.

As to the present status, the Gazette has heretofore stated explicitly that it had but one desire,—to see the guilty punished and the innocent exonerated. We reiterate that we have entire confidence in the Bar Association of this city. Until they render their report it is but decent to refrain from comment and criticism.

In the meantime, there is no necessity for hysteria. We would urge upon our citizens that they await patiently the outcome of the investigation now going on. The evil is already remedied to the extent that it would now be difficult, if not impossible, to procure an illegal divorce in Alexandria. The sensation has spent most of its force. Why stir up the muck and sewage further? No possible good can come of it; in fact, only more evil and more harm. Let the course of law now take its inexorable way, without prejudice and without passion.

The Gazette believes in constructive work for Alexandria. Destructive iconoclasm gets nowhere. We have enough to do to build up our city to the magnificent proportions outlined for it by Nature. In the interim, we believe devoutly, that "God's in his heaven and all's right with the world."

Jobs for Jobless

American ingenuity in contriving jobs for the jobless to tide the present unemployment emergency is shown by hundreds of reports submitted to Colonel Arthur Woods, of the President's Conference on Unemdreds of reports submitted toscmfmf ployment, form cities and towns all over the United States. Many mayors take great pride in the novel means devised by their employment committees to care for the home folks.

Fort Smith, Ark., has a rock-pile where men break big stones into little ones, to be mixed with cement and sand to improve the local streets.

Gloucester, Mass., and Evanston, Ill,, pay the jobless to chop down condemned city timber, which is sold for fuel. Public-spirited citizens in Rock Island, Ill., have banded together to hire one man one day a week to keep him from becoming an object of charity.

In Erie, Pa., a drive has been made to push the sale of "Erie-made products, in order to provide local employment. Lima, Ohio, has put 100 men to work two or three days a week, paying them in orders on grocery stores for food. Butte, Mont., raises $60,000 each month, and extends some sort of aid to 2,500 families. Unemployed single men can get two meals a day of beef stew, vegetables, bread and butter, and coffee, out of this fund. Galesburg, Ill. has put $100,000 into water mains and work has gone on right through the winter, while the town provides lodging and food for the destitute.

Youngstown, Ohio, has sold municipal bonds and provides work in the city parks for men with families. They are divided into two groups, and work in two-week shifts. The election officials lent their machinery and a day was set apart for the registration of the unemployed. Allentown, Pa., is continuing all public work regardless of weather conditions, and a special drive has been made to remodel store fronts in order to give work to builders. A "cheap homes" campaign has also stimulated employment and solved the housing problem.

Pittsfield, Mass., has a "flying shovel squadron" which reports immediately to any citizen who telephones, and clears the snow from his sidewalk in a jiffy.

Fort Dodge, Iowa, reports that jobless miners are working abandoned coal mines in the vicinity, which has given them a living and reduced the price of coal at the same time. Red Oak, Ia., has opened a stone quarry and hauls the rock to the locations where it will be used in the spring.

Salt Lake City, Utah, has established a municipal woodyard where old railroad ties and discarded telephone and electric light poles are sawed into firewood by the unemployed at 25 cents an hour. They are paid in lodging and meal tickets, and the kindling is sold.

DIET FOR THE SICK

Nourishing the sick is not always an easy problem, but its importance can hardly be overestimated. Indeed, proper feeding in many illnesses makes the difference between life and death. The actual amount of nourishment needed is sickness is often less than in health, but it may be just as great or ven greater if the illness causes increased tissues waste. Yet the digestive processes of a sick person must be rendered as little laborious as possible, all fods ordinarily difficult to digest must be eliminated, certain others must be withheld or restricted according to the nature of the sickness, and, in addition, one may have to deal with an appetite that is capricious, diminished or totally.

Substances used for food are generally grouped into three classes called the three nutriments. The nutriments are. First, the proteids or nitrogenous substances which are found in butter, oil, the fat of meat, and the like. In addition to the nutriments, water and certain mineral salts are essential to life, while some indigestible material like the fibre of vegtables is needed to give bulk and to stimulate the action of the intestine.

The nutriments furnish the body with material for growth and for repair of tissues worn out by use; they also furnish fuel substances from which the body obtains its heat and its energy. All three nutriments can serve as fuel, but the proteids alone can furnish materials for growth and repair of tissues. In order to be used by the body for any purpose, nutriment must first go through the series of complicated changes known as digestion.

People who are ill often need a different combination of food substances or a combination in different proportions from what they need when well, and diet for the sick is often a part, and a very importtant part, of medical treatment; in such cases the doctor will prescribed special diets and his orders must be carefully carried out. Except for special diets, food for the sick is generally divided into four classes: First, liquid or fluid diet, second, semi solid diet; third, light or convalsent diet; and lastly, full diet. These diets are not always sharply distinguished, but it is necessary for any person who cares for the sick to know what is meant by each.

No calamity is ever too sad an' distressin' fer some newspaper paragraphers t' try t' say somethin' funny about it. We didn't know Jake Bentley's brother was rich till we read that his trial wouldn' come up till next July.

(Copyright Nat'l Newspaper Service.)

BOARD OF ALDERMEN
(Official)

At a regular meeting of the Board of Aldermen, held Tuesday, February 28, 1922, there were present Mr. C. J. W. Summers, vice-president, and Messrs. Robinson, Batcheller, Wilkins, Rammel, Green and Anderson.

An ordinance appropriating $15,000 per annum for a period not to exceed five years, for half of the interest on a bond issue of the County of Fairfax, for construction of road from the Alexandria city line to the Loudoun County line in County of Fairfax, was read the second and third times and passed, ayes 7, noes 0.

Motion of Mr. Wilkins that resignations of Messrs. Batcheller and Rammel be not accepted, was carried.

Ordinance providing time for payment by property owners of improvements on streets, action of common council concurred in. Read second and third times and passed, ayes 7, noes 0.

Bill of Alexandria County Lighting Company, $73.69, for light furnished Armory Hall. Concurred in action of common council and ordered to be paid

Resolution indorsing recommendation of ten persons for State game warden, passed.

Bids of King Lumber Company, American Heating and Ventilating Company and J. Kent White for constructing new school building. Concurred in action of common council, ayes 7, noes 0.

An ordinance for imposing and collecting licenses from June 1, 1922 to May 31, 1923, referred to committee on finance.

Petition of Howard D. Thomas to buy from the city the ground rent on property 126 North Fayette street, referred to committee on public property and finance.

Request of L Ruben for the return of a desk to Alexandria-Washington Lodge No. 22, A. F. and A. M. granted.

Petition of James Caporaletti to erect a sign affixed to his building and extending over the pavement, referred to committee on streets.

An ordinance for the imposing and collecting of taxes on personal property from June 1, 1922 to May 31, 1923, referred to committee on finance.

An ordinance authorizing and empowering the Alexandria County Lighting Company, the Western Union Telegraph Company, the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company and the Washington Railway Company to remove poles on King street from Fairfax to Patrick streets Action of common council non-concurred in. On Motion of Mr. Green, which was carried, this ordinance was referred to committee on lights, finance and streets.

An ordinance authorizing the Mayor to execute a contract with the Alexandria County Lighting Company for furnishing extra lights. Action of common council non-concurred in, and on motion of Mr. Green, which was carried, this ordinance was referred to committee on light, finance and streets.

The Board then adjourned.

C J. W. SUMMERS, vice president
Teste:
Geo. W. Bontz, Jr., Clerk.

INGROWN TOE NAIL TURNS OUT ITSELF

A noted authority says that a few drops of "Outgro" upon the skin surrounding the ingrowing nail reduces inflammation and pain and so toughens the tender, sensitive skin underneath the toe nail, that it can not penetrate the flesh, and the nail turns naturally outward almost over night.

"Outgro" is a harmless, antiseptic manufactured for chiropodists. However, anyone can buy from the drug store a tiny bottle containing directions.

DOCTORS MADE IT FAMOUS

Gude's Pepto-Mangan Has Been Prescribed by Physicians for Thirty Years

Doctors wanted iron in a form easily absorbed into the blood and it was one of them, Dr. A. Gude, who found the way to give it. It is now sold by druggists everywhere—almost every druggist in the United States has Gude's Pepto-Mangan in both liquid and tablet form. Doctors everywhere advise weak and run-down people to build up with this splendid tonic. It puts color into the cheeks and increases strength and vitality by making the blood rich and red, and that is the only true and sure way to keep well. If you are all tired out and nervous and feel half sick and "cross," take Gude's Pepto-Mangan for a few weeks at meal time and you will feel like a new being. It is a wonderful tonic, and you will be delighted with the results. Advertisement.

GOOD NEWS

Many Alexandria Readers Have Heard It and Profited Thereby

"Good news travels fast," and the many bad back sufferers in Alexandria are glad to learn where relief may be found. Many a lame, weak and aching back is bad no more, thanks to Doan's Kidney Pills. Our citizens are telling the good news of their experience with this tested remedy. Ask your neighbor! Here is an example worth reading:

Mrs. C. E. Poole, 1600 King St., Alexandria, says: "My back felt as though something heavy were pulling me down, and the pain was terrible at night. I was in such misery I would roll from side to side, but got no relief. I thought those pains in the small of my back would drive me wild. Headaches made me nervous and the least noise would irritate me. I often got so dizzy everything would turn black in front of me. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and the backaches, headaches and dizzy spells left me and I got over my nervousness. Doan's gave me fine relief."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Poole had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

CASCARETS 10¢

For Constipated Bowels—Bilious Liver

The nicest cathartic-laxative to physic your bowels when you have Headache, Colds, Dizziness, Biliousness, Indigestion, Sour Stomach is candy-like Cascarets. One or two tonight will empty your bowels completely by morning and you will feel splendid. "They work while you sleep." Cascarets never stir you up or gripe like Salts, Pills, Calomel, or Oil and they cost only ten cents a box. Children love Cascarets too.

Appian Mahinery and Supply Co.
Danville, Virginia

Specialists in Methods and Equipment for:—
Quarry and Gravel Pit
Road Plant and Haulage
Drainage and Trenching
Concrete Mixing and Placing

Our Engineers are at Your Service for Recommendations and Estimates

FOR SALE

85 shares of the stock of the Alexandria Water Company at $100 per share, in lots to suit the purchaser. The company pays $5.00 per share dividend per annum.

The company being chartered in this State, its stock is free from State taxes. It is also free from normal Federal Income taxes.

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK

Personal
Metzger's Catarrah Medicine

Owing to the recent snow storms, the shipments of this wonderful medicine did not arrive in time, but it can now be obtained at the following reliable druggists: Gibson's, Creighton and Co., Ashton and Co., Leadbeater Drug Corp., Frank Warfield, Edgar Warfield, Jr., The Rexall Store.

M. MED MFG. CO
Bethlehem, Pa.

SWAN BROS
ALEXANDRIA'S LARGEST DEPARTMENT STORE
King and Pitt Sts. Alexandria, Va.

REMNANT SALE
THURSDAY

Many new and useful Remnants and mill ends will be found on our Remnant tables Thursday——Also many other good bargains in all departments.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

Mid-week prayer services will be held in the churches of the city tonight.

The Rev. Thomas T. Small of Washington, will preach in Grace Episcopal Church at 8 o'clock tonight.

Mrs. Jno. P. Pryor, of Pacific Grove, Cal., is visiting her sister, Miss Mary Smythe, in South St. Asaph street.

Mr. Harry Fletcher has returned to his home in this city after spending a short time at the home of his parents in Camden, N. J.

The many friends of Mrs. George Poole will be glad to hear that she is much improved after having been confined to her home for some time.

The regular weekly meeting of Sarepta Lodge of Odd Fellows will be held tonight in Odd Fellows Hall, North Columbus street.

Mrs. R. B. Adams has returned to her home in Rosemont after having spent the past week in Richmond and Norfolk, where she was the guest of friends and relatives.

Dr. Kate Waller Barrett will address the Fredericksburg League of Women Voters today on "The Last Days of the Disarmament Conference.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred List have returned to their home in Baltimore, after spending the past week with Mr. and Mrs. Edward Corbin, in North St. Asaph street.

The regular business and study meeting of the Golden Links Missionary Society of M. E. Church South will be held at the church, Thursday evening, March 2. All members are urged to be present.

Columbia Engine and Motor Company. No. 4, will hold a banquet in celebration of its fifty-first anniversary on the night of March 9. A large number of out of town people have been invited to attend.

Rev. Dr. Jno. Lee Alison attended a Laymen's Conference of the Presbyterian Church in Leesburg, Va., yesterday, and delivered an address on "The Progressive Program of the Church." He returned last evening.

The euchre party given by the Knights of Columbus last night was a decided success, and all who had the pleasure of being present were dlighted with the evening's entertainment, at the popular club house of the Knights.

The committee on arrangements for the Colonial Tea, which is to be givn by the Philathea Class in the Young People's Building tomorrow night, reports that all is in readiness The program has not yet been announced.

The Richmond Theatre is featuring Mona Kingley in "Living Lies" today and tomorrow. In this picture is combined stories of big business, youth's ambition and a romance. The Ingomar is showing a western picture, "The Lone Rider." The Idle Hour is repeating "The Sheik."

Mrs. Annie R. Davis and others have sold to Henry W. Armstrong and wife house and lot 312 North Columbus street. Percy W. Pickford and wife and others have sold to Mildred Lane Davis house and lot 18, block 23, section 4, Rosemont.

Alexandria High School basket ball teams added two more to their victory list yesterday. The boys defeated the team of Rockville High School in Rockville by the score of 38 to 22 and the girls defeated the Arrow team of Washington by the score of 21 to 19. The boys' team has one more game to play this season. This game will be played against the Warrenton boys in Manassas on Friday night of this week.

The annual membership meeting of the Methodist Protestant Church will be held directly following the prayer service tonight at 7:45. All members are requested to be present as reports of the year will be read and election of officers, stewards and trustees for the coming year. The delegate to conference which meets at Chestertown will also be elected at this meeting. A full attendance on the part of the members is desired.

At the service at St. Paul's Church tonight at 8 o'clock, Rev. Percy Foster Hall will speak on "Lent—A Time for Serious Thinking." An offering will be taken for the Near East Relief. St. Paul's has sent to L. H. Dudley, treasurer of the Near East Relief Fund, money to provide for three orphans for a year and will send enough to care for at least two more, not counting the offerings made today. Arlington County and our city are asked to care for 82 of these orphans.

Mrs. Cora Hamilton was given a delightful surprise birthday party by a host of friends at her home in South Lee street Monday evening. February 27th. The evening was spent in music and dancing, after which refreshments were served. Among the guests present were Mr. and Mrs. W. McKenney, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. E. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. E. Payne, Mrs. A. Akers, Mrs. L. Perrigo, Mr. and Mrs. E. Rowles, of Barcroft, Va., Mr. and Mrs. M. McKenney,, Mrs. Ruth McKenney, Mr. and Mrs. A. English, Mrs. E. Sutherland, Mrs. R. Hamilton, Miss Blanche Talbert, Miss Katie Schoenie Miss Goldie Lunsford, Miss Hilda Roland, Miss Ruth Sutherland, Miss Bessie Woodard, Miss Thelma Rowles, of Francona, Va. Mr. Bradford Chapell, Mr. Leonard McKenney, Mr. Harry Roland, Mr. Henry Furr, Mr. Lester Cleveland, of Barcroft, Va. After a late hour the guests departed wishing Mrs. Hamilton many happy birthdays.

Bible Thought for Today

So teach us to number our days, that we may apply our hearts unto wisdom. —Psalm 90:12.

NEWS IN THE GAZETTE 108 Years Ago

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE

Commercial and Political

TUESDAY, MARCH 1, 1814

FRIENDS OF THE NAVY

The new army bill providing for an augmented bounty and pay to the soldiers, will inevitably annihilate our already too limited naval establishment. The seamen, whose terms of enlistment are constantly expiring, cannot be induced to re-enter the naval service.—They will all become soldiers, unless correspondent augmentation of bounty and pay is provided for the marine service. The administration gave something like a death blow to the public service, by their impolite bill in favor of privateer men. This act will give it a finishing stroke.

Valentino Makes Friends

"The Sheik' Has Big Day With Large Audience at Idle Hour Yesterday

The Idle Hour Theater was packed and jammed at each of the five shows of "The Sheik," which was given yesterday. Sheik Ahmed Ben Hassan, who is Rudolph Valentino, steals the beautiful Diana from her caravan in the desert and carries her to his desert strong-hold. He has accomplished all this in the spirit of revenge and hatred, but soon falls deeply in love with his captive. Then troubles upon troubles, until finally she learns to love him. She is kidnaped by a desert bandit. He goes to her rescue—but a book has been written about all that. The picture is full of thrills, of majestic scenes, of dare-devil riding and of unexpected incidents. It has all the charm that has made it into the most sensational and popular production of the season. It will remain at the Idle Hour today and tomorrow.

Disabled Soldier Makes $10,000 on 10-Acre Farm

At Congress Heights, a suburb of Washington, D. C., there is a disabled former service man who made a profit of $2,000 on a ten-acre tract of land during the past year. This man, John Pierce by name, is a government trainee at Maryland Agricultural College and although he has not finished his course, last year was by far the biggest year that he and his father have ever experienced on their farm. Young Pierce took over full management of their place for the first time in 1921.

According to his service record Pierce is suffering from the after effects of gas and from a gunshot wound in his right forearm. He is one of a group of 36 disabled men being retained in "project" farm work at the Maryland Institute. Although there are a total of 106 men being re-trained at the college, Pierce is recognized as the leader of the 'project" working group and is considered one of the most successful students among all the disabled men at the college.

The principle product of the Pierce farm was tomatoes, of which more than 700 boxes were raised, selling in the Washington markets for a total of $1.155. In addition to these Pierce sold 22 barrels of string beans and 8 barrels of peas for a total value of $190; a quantity of beets for $250, and a lot of lettuce for another $250, together with $50 worth of cabbage, making in all a total of $1.895. Besides these products Pierce also raised 2 acres of late beans. 2 acres of corn. 1 1-2 acres of spinach, 1 1-2 acres of turnips, one-half acre of sweet potatoes and one-half acre of kale, most of which were sold and went to make up for the cost of labor of two men hired for about two months during the summer. Pierce also painted the house on his farm during the year.

The plan under which Pierce and the other 35 "project" men worked was to take the lecture and demonstration course for special students in poultry farming and horticulture. This is a two-year course and during the summer each student is required to select a farm site or project. He begins the purchase of this farm and goes to work on it. The same success is not expected of each student as Pierce, who already had possession of his own farm, met with, but each man during the past year showed a marked degree of success.

Oh, Willie, Willie!

Little Willie had been hearing his father boast to his friends of his new car, and its ability to take the steepest hills. At the Sunday supper table he suddenly astonished his parents by demanding:

"Pa, does the Lord Almighty own a Rolls-Fierce, too?"

"Great Scott, no, son. Whatever put that into your head?"

"Well, at Sunday school we had a hymn that went, 'If I love Him, when I die He will take me home on 'high.'" —Greater Utica.

Your Income Tax Returns

Taxpayers have fifteen days, not including Sundays in which to file their income tax returns for the calendar year 1921. To avoid penalty, the returns, accompanied by at least one quarter of the tax, must be in the hands of the collector of internal revenue, or a deputy collector on or before midnight of March 15.

Returns may be mailed or filed in person at the office of the collector at Richmond, Va., and the branch offices. Payment may be made by check, money order or in cash. If made at a branch office, payment should be by money order or check, to avoid danger of loss in transmission to the office of the collector.

Where in exceptional cases, such as illness or absence, a taxpayer is unable to make a return within the time prescribed, an extension of not to exceed 30 days may be obtained upon application to the collector. Such extensions will be granted only when, in the judgment of the collector, further time is actually required for the making of an accurate return. Application for such extension must be made prior to March 15.

The absence or illness of one or more officers of a corporation will not be accepted as a reasonable cause for failure to file the return within the prescribed time, unless it is satisfactorily shown that there were no other principal officers available and sufficiently informed as to the affairs of the corporation to make and verify the return.

As a condition of granting an extension of time for filing a return, the collector may require the submission of a tentative return. Tentative returns will not be accepted unless permission is obtained previous to filing. A copy of the authority for filing the tentative return must be attached thereto when filed. Where a taxpayer files a tentative return and fails to file a complete return within the period of the extension requested by him, the complete return when filed is subject to penalties prescribd for delinquency.

If before the end of a 30-day extension granted by the collector, an accurate return can not be made, an appeal for a further extension must be made to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., with a full recital of the causes for the delay. The commissioner will not grant an adidtional extension without a clear showing that a complete return can not be made at the end of the 30-day period. For failure to file a return on time, the taxpayer becomes liable to a penalty of not more than $1.000 and a further penalty of 25 per cent of the amount of tax due, unless he later files a return and it is satisfactorily shown that the delinquency was due to a reasonable cause and not to wilfull neglect.

The World's Diet

Rice forms the staple food of about one-third of the world's population.

Although oatmeal is regarded as the Scotch national breakfast food, the United States produces and consumes far more of this food than any other country. The largest oatmeal mill in the world, it is claimed, is located at Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

European factories each week produce about 16,000,000 pounds of artificial butter with cocoanut oil as the base.

In forty years the per capita of sugar consumption in the United States has increased from 18 to 89 pounds.

Pound for pound, walnuts and butternuts equal in food value a juicy steak; contain more protein (tissue building food), than white bread and only one-third less than eggs.

A quart of oysters is estimated to equal in nourishment three-fourths of a pound of beef.

Peas were raised in Europe more than 1,000 years ago.

Boston baked beans, now used by the armies of the world, come principally from New Jersey. One plant alone has a capacity of 3,000 cans an hour.

Beans reach maturity twice as rapidly under electric light as in daylight alone.

About 40 per cent of all the peas grown in America are raised in Wisconsin. One year's production from 43,600 acres reached 43,566 tons.

"Been having another mothers' club meeting here today, Mary?"

"How did you guess?"

"By the empty cigarette box."—Judge.

Veteran's Bureau

NEW YORK STATE BONUS

Albany, N. Y.—The Veterans of Foreign Wars are working for legislation at this sesion of the legislature that will pay the Empire state ex-service men a bonus of $10 per month before the close of 1921. The bill being drafted would impose a direct tax to raise the $45,000,000 necessary for the adjustment of compensation. The idea is to avoid the wait that would be necessary if a constitutional amendment were to be put thru. The referendum on the bonus was passed by a large majority but was declared unconstitutional, making necessary the passage of new legislation before the payments are made.

Few To Take Cash Bonus

Washington, D. C.—Ninety per cent of the ex-service men will take paid up insurance, home aid, vocational training or land settlement instead of cash money, if the national adjusted compensation legislation is passed by Congress, officials of the Veterans of Foreign Wars here assert. The organization has asked its membership and all other veterans to notify their Washington headquarters as to which option is favored, so that the evidence may be submitted to Congress. Thousands of men, less than half of them members of the organization, have joined a national committee to "educate" the other veterans to the advantages of the options other than cash, The Veterans of Foreign Wars expects the passage of the national bonus bill in Congress within the next 60 days.

High Rent For Boston Offices

Boston, Mass.—The Veterans of Foreign Wars here are excited over the discovery that the Veterans Bureau in Boston has been paying $154,500 per year office rent, as revealed in Congress by Representativ Frothingham, of the Bay state. He charges the Bureau with being "indefensibly extravagant,, and suggests that more money be spent for the care of the disabled relief in Massachusetts. The organization with maintains a service bureau for its disabled members and assists them in getting their claims thru the bureau.

Will Decorate French Unknown Soldiers

Washington, D. C.—The Veterans of Foreign Wars is arranged to bestow the medal and insignia of the order upon the Unknown French Soldier buried under the Arc de Triumph in Paris. Arrangements have been made with the French goverment for the ceremonies, which will take place July 4th, according to present plans, and a not of heartfelt thanks and appreciation" from the French goverment for the ceremonies, which will take place July 4th, according to present plans, and a note of "heartfelt thanks and appreciation" from the French goverment has been received here by M. Jusserand, the Frencl. Ambassador, and presented to the organization.

Expect Federal Bonus Soon

New York, N. Y.—National officers of the Veterans of Foreign Wars were elated here on receipt of news from Washington that the Republicans in the Senate had agreed to pass a soldiers bonus bill at the present session and only a handful of those present expressed themselves as opposed to action at this time. The veterans feel that the time is coming soon, tho more than three years after the Armistice, when their rate of pay will be adjusted by the Federal goverment.

One of the War's Greatest Heroes

Boise, Idaho—The newly elected commander of the Santa Ann post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars here, George T. Fleet, has the following war record, taken from official records: Enlisted in 1915, served on the Mexican border with 18th Infantry; went to France with the first boatload of American soldiers, arriving June 27, 1917; first wounded in action Oct. 17, 1917 and later wounded six other times and gassed twice. Was in all engagements with the First division, and rose from enlisted man to the rank of captain in the regular army on June 10, 1918. Decorated with the Distinguished Service Cross, French Legion of Honor, French Croix de Guerre, and later retired April 18, 1921 for disability. He is now on active duty with the officers reserve corps here.

NR
TO-NIGHT
Tomorrow Alright
Night's Tonics — fresh air, a good sleep and an NR Tablet to make your days better.
Nature's Remedy (NR Tablets) exerts a beneficial influence on the digestive and eliminative system—the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.
Tonight—take an NR Tablet—its action is so different you will be delightfully surprised.
Used for over 30 years
Get a 25c Box
Nature's Remedy
Chips off the Old Block
NR JUNIORS—Little NR's
One-third the regular dose. Made of same ingredients, then candy coated.
For children and adults.
Your Druggist

LEADBEATER DRUG CORP.

IN MEMORIAM

In sad but loving remembrance of our father, Henry Tyler, who departed this life eleven years ago today, March 1, 1911.

51-1p. Miss Sarah E. Tyler.

COACHING

Geography, Latin and other subjects. Apply 1111 Duke Street. 51-1p.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our thanks and appreciation to all those who were so kind in extending their services at the sudden death of our dear daughter, Miss Elsie Bagott, and for the beautiful floral tributes and use of automobiles.

Mrs. Minnie Baggott and Family.

51-1p

THE LAKE SCHOOL
Stenography and Typewriting
417 Southern Bldg.
Washington, D. C.
Day and Night Classes. Enroll at any time. Individual and class instructions. Speed dictation. Main 7519.

Oldest War Veteran Dies

New York, N. Y.—The oldest member of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, believed to have been the oldest veteran of the Mexican War, died here recently. He das Emanuel I. Oppenheimer, aged 101 years. His term of service started in 1846 when he enlisted and became a member of the field Scott. Representatives of the Indian, Civil, Spanish American and World War attended his funeral. He was a member of Argonne Post No. 107.

Rules About Bank Check Writing Worth Glancing at

Do not write checks with a lead pencil. To do this is the height of carelessness.

2. Do not typewrite the amount line of your checks. Always use acid-proof ink.

3. Do not use a check with an erasure in it. Banks are not obligated to know who made the changes.

4. Do not make checks payable to cash or bearer. Issue them payable to "myself," which requires your endorsement when cashing them.

5. Do not issue checks to strangers in exchange for cash. Tell them to buy postal money orders

6. Do not cash checks for strangers. This will stop traffic in stolen checks.

7. Keep all check books and paid checks in a locked compartment. Burglars do not steal current numbered checks. They extract blank checks from the middle or the back of the books.

8. Immediately upon receipt of checks indorse them payable to your bank. If they are lost or stolen they can not then be cashed.

9. Deposit in your bank account all incoming checks. It is dangerous to establish a precedent by cashing them.

10. Start the written amount line at the extreme left edge of the check and write the words close together. This method maks it impossible to change the words or to add others.

11. Write the payee's address on the check whenever advisable. Such checks should not be mailed in a window envelope

12. Write your checks on sensitized paper. The difference in cost is well spent.

13. Use the best style of mechanical protection for writing the amount line. Your banker will tell you the best device.

14. Reconcile your bank account at least once a month. Banks' monthly statements demand this, and your protection makes it imperative.

15. If you make a mistake in writing your deposit slip destroy it completely. Check artists often frequent bank corridors to obtain sample signatures.—From "Greater Utica."

S. S. S. Will Build You Up.

Can You See Your Ribs?

"It wasn't that I wanted to get fat,—no. I just wanted to put on about 8 pounds more flesh, then I'd be just right. I've nibbled at diets, gorged big meals, I've haunted health resorts, been to fine climates, guzzled milk, buttermilk, olive oil, emulsions, swallowed pills, digestion fads, and a score of other 'won't-works'. Finally, it dawned on me. None of these things was building up the new red blood cells I needed. I took S. S. S., the greatest red-blood-cell builder, firm-flesh producer, blood-cleanser known. I put on 7 pounds in a month, and my nerves, instead of strings feel like wires. S. S. S. has the world beat."

S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable in its medicinal ingredients. It has produced amazing results in building up run-down, thin-faced, ambitious men, and in making women of all ages more plump and beautiful, and younger looking. S. S. S. is sold at all drug stores, in two sizes. The larger size is the more economical.

"Alexandria's Best Store"

Bendheim's

INCORPORATED

IRVIN DIENER, Pres.

LADIES WORK WAISTS
All Colors
50c

WINTER UNDERWEAR
Pants and Vest
50c

LADIES MUSLIN GOWNS
Regular and Extra Size
75c Quality, Special
50c

LADIES GAUZE VESTS
3 for 50c

Salad Bowls 2 for 50c
Glassware Jelly Stands 2 for 50c
Candy Dishes 2 for 50c
Vases Colonial Pattern 2 for 50c

50c Day Sale TOMORROW

Spells ECONOMY for our Customers

Glassware Water Glasses Per Doz. 50c
Tea Glasses Colonial Patterns 3 for 50c
Celery Dishes 2 for 50c

2 1-2 yards New Cretorne	50c	2 pair Pink Jersey Bloomers	50c	2 pair Ladies Gloves	50c
5 1-2 yards Linen Lace	50c	Children's Gingham Dresses, special	50c	Ladies Handkerchiefs per dozen	50c
3 yards Cotton Crepe	50c	2 Pillow Cases	50c	3 pair Children's Knit Leggins	50c
5 yards Apron Gingham	50c	4 Huck Towels	50c	Mixing Bowls	50c
4 yards Outing Flannel	50c	7 Wash Rags	50c	Boy's Heavy Ribbed Hose, 2 pair	50c
Table Oil Cloth, 1 1-2 yards	50c	3 Window Shades with fixtures	50c	Hair Bow Ribbon 2 yards	50c
3 yards Pajama Check	50c	2 Aluminum Pans	50c	3 Pair Men's Mitts	50c
5 1-2 yards Curtain Scrim	50c	China Cuspidors special	50c	Ladies Lisle Hose, all colors, 4 pairs	50c
3 yards Kimona Flannel	50c	Ladies Wool Scarfs 2 for	50c	Infant's Dresses, long and short styles	50c
5 yards Unbleached Cotton	50c	Ladies Silk Hose, plain and drop stitch, a rare bargain, pair	50c	Linoleum Mats 3 for	50c
2 pair Baby Rubber Pants	50c				

SPRINGTIME GINGHAMS
Now Showing
In all the new plaids and checks
25c to 59c a yard
See Window Display

THE DIGESTIVE PROCESS

Digestion begins in the mouth. There the food is crushed and its fibers seperated by the teeth, it is moistened by the saliva and substances in the saliva begin a chemical action upon the starch. Chewing should be sufficient to reduce the food to a soft mass well moistened with saliva. Slow eating is desirable but the emphasis should be placed on thorough chewing. For instance, long intervals between bites are of no special benefit ir mouthfuls of food are fashed down by swallows of water.

After it has been swallowed the food passes into the stomach and remains there for a variable length of time while it undergoes further pretiveparation for abcorption. Some digestion of proteids goes on in the stomand a little absorption through the walls, but the most important part of digestion takes place in the small intestine into which the food is discharged little by little from the stomach, and where it is acted upon and changed by the various digestive fluids.

Absorption from the small intestines takes place when the food has been so changed that it can soak through the intestinal walls into the blood and lymph vessels which carry the digested food substances may be stored as fat or expelled from the body.

As the blood and lymph go through the tissues they take from them the refuge, or the part that remains after the fuel substances have been consumed. 8his refuse from the tissues may be likened to the ashes from a furnace; it is finally eliminated from from the body through the kidneys and lungs, and to some extent through the skin and bowels. The part of the food that is not digested of course never soaks through the intestinal walls but is expelled through the bowels.

It must be remembered that the body is not nourished merely by swallowing food; in order to nourish the body must also be digested, absorbed and made to use of by the tissues Many factors may operate both in health and in sickness to render food indigestable. It may be originally unsuited to the human digestive apparatus or spoiled or poor in quality or badly cooked. But even when wholesome in itself, it may be ill adapted to a particular time. Moreover a person's own idiosyncrasy or manner of living or fatigue or illness may render it especially indigestible for him.

Experiments have shown that, fear, worry and other unpleasant emotions actually stop the action of the digestive juices and check muscular contractions of the small intestines. Furthermore, even the absence of pleasant anticipation of food has been known to delay digestion for hours. Thus scientific knowledge confirms our common experience that such mental states seriously interfere with digestion. The converse is also true. Agreeable taste in food, pleasant orod or even the pleasurable thought of it, start the secretion of the digestive fluids. It is a common saying that the mouth waters at the prespect of inviting food, but it is less well known that appetizing food does actually start the stomach juices also. A person who understands the physiclogical effect that the emotions have upon digestion is in a far better frame of mind to cope successfully with the difficulties of feeding the sick than one who considers tick persons' likes and dislikes and entirely irrational.

CORNELL PROFESSORS JOIN

Many Other Schools and Colleges Working for Endowment of Public Serivice Awards

New York,—More than 20 members of the facilty of Cornell University have joined in the nation-wide tribute to fromer President Wilson, it was announced here last night by Prof. Stephen P. Dugan, chairman of the educational committee. Professors, instructors, and their families sent contributions from Ithaca to national headquarters of the Woodrow Wilson Foundation in this city, some of them writing letters of warm praise for Mr. Wilson, who was for eight years president of Princeton University.

No intensive canvas was conducted at Cornell, the chairman, Prof. Frank Thilly said, but an opportunity was given to them to become founders of the Wilson Awards for public service, Dr. Thilly wrote:

"Woodrow Wilson needs no monument; history will show its appreciation of him in due time and give him the merited honor which his own generation has denied to him."

Prof. W. H. Chandler, vice-director of research of the New York State College of Agricultlre at Cornell, following a previous subscription sent for himself and Mrs. Chandler, yesterday subscribed for his children He wrote:

"I would like for all my vhildren to have the privilege of being associated with the Foundation, so I am sending my check which I hope may be credited to Caroline, W. L., Martha and Ruth Chandled."

Others at Cornell who have joined in the tribute to the former President are Prfoessors M. F. Barrus, Cornelius Betten, J. H. Comstock, J. E. Creighton, George A. Everett, S. H. Gage, W. A. Hammond, L. B. Hoisington, Hoyt H. Hudhon, Henry S. Jacoby, T. L. Lyon, Ernest Merritt, James G. Needham, Wallace Notestein, H. D. Reed, Frank E. Rice, William Strunk, jr., Seth Wakeman, W. F. Wilcox, G. A. Works, Wilford M. Wilson, and A. H. Wright.

At Harvard, it was announced, the campaign in behalf of the Foundation is now being actively wageed. The facilty committee consists of Prif. W. E. Hocking, chairman; Prof. Bliss Perry, and Prof. F. W. Taussig, former member of President Wilson's Tariff Commission, F. S. Pollak, a junior, of New York City, as chairman, has formed a students committee compromised of the Following: H. F. Hammond. Jr., of Cambridge; D. S. Holder, of New Orleans; C. W. Eliot, 2nd, of Cambridge; T. E. O'Callaghan, of Ogdensburg N. Y.; and A. W. Wright of Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Many other colleges throughout the country are forming committees for the Foundation, and Prof. Duggan, a member of the faculty of the College of the City of New York, said yesterday that he expected that at the end of the campaign practically every school in the dowment to honor a former great teacher and to provide awards for services like those he rendered."

Subscriptions to the Foundation are being received in New York at 150 Nassau street, fifth floor; 126 East 59th street; and 17 East 42nd St., Room 504.

CLASS LECISLATION

Bills have ben introduced into the legislatures of Kentucky and Virginia which aim to prohibit the manufacture and sale of skimmilk compounds in these states. They are being fostered. it is said, by certain Wisconsin dairy interests that have waged a long and bitter fight against milk compounds in their state and would now try their hand in our territory.

zSkimmilk compounds are cooking fluids made from pure skimmilk, much of which now goes to waste, and vegtable oils. The fats used can be either cocoanut or peanut oil, both of which are recognized as wholesome foods and are used extensively by confectioners and other manufaturesrs of food products. Why the combination of these ingredients should be thought unwholesome when, individually, their wholesomeness is admitted is beyond the realm of everyday common sense. But such, it seems is one of the arguments used against them.

In Wisconsin, where the fight against milk compounds has been carried into the courts and seems to have orignated through the fear that their sale might hurt the whole milk business, certain definite facts concerning them were testified to. Judge A. G. Zimmerman, appointed as special refree to report findings to the Superior Court, stated in that report that the compounds in question were wholesome foods, that they are not harmful or deleterious for human consumption either for adults or children and that they contain abundant protein, caloic volume, various salts and vitamines B and C—a sufficiency of all other elements apparently required to make a food complete as well as wholesome. What more need be said?

Skimmilk compounds are made and sold as cooking fluids, not as substitutes for milk. They are advertised as such Rather than hurt the dairyman in his business they aid him by providing a market for his skimmilk at higher prices than he can obtain by feeding his by-product to swine

Some of the farmers of our state deliver their whole milk to nearby creameries. To them the skimmilk is worthless for they get no profit from it. Others feed it to hogs and thereby according to reliable authorities, obtain but 35 cents on the dollar for their investment. Few people, probably, realize the vast quantties of skimmilk that go down sewers and into streams for the lack of a better place to put it and yet its value as a food is well recognized.

The only cause therefore that we can see for certain Wisconsin dairy interests carrying their fight into our state is an effort on their yart to safeguard their own business from competition that they fear might become uncomfortably keen. If this is the case, then it is time for our legislators to take the matter into their own hands and deal with it summarily. We have never permitted class legislation to stain our statue books and we can see no good reason for beginning now or at any other time.

Ex-Crown Prince Boomed For German Presidency

The former German Crown Prince sojourning now at the island of Weiringen, Holland, is being boomed for the presidency of the German Republic, declare reports from that country. The erstwhile imperial heir commanded a German division during the World War. He is not expected to make public announcement that his "hat is in the ring" but it is believed he will heartily respond if his backers can give sufficient impetus to his "boom."

LANDSCAPE GARDENING
—Designs, Pruning, Spraying Etc.
Fruit Trees, Evergreens, Shrubs etc., Furnished and Planted.
ROBERT H. FORMAN
Box 3031 Wash., D. C.
or Gen. Del., Alexandria, Va.
51-tf-c

Cuthbert had been listening for half an hour to a lecture from his father on the evils of late nights and late risings in the morning.

"You will never amount to anything," said the father, "unless you turn over a new leaf. Remember, it's the early bird that catches the worm."

"Ha, ha!" laughed Cuthbert "How about the worm? What did he get for turning out so early?"

"My son" replied the father, "that worm hadn't been to bed all night; he was on his way home."—Pittsburgh Christian Advocate.

"Yes, sir, he says Henry were making $200 ev'y week, and he didn't pay but $40 protection

"Las" Monday a federal prohibition officer came and say: 'You has got to move out, 'cause I gwine ter raid you on Wednesday, and I don't want to find no evidence here.'

"Henry say, 'I pay $40 a week for protection, and protection I'se gwine to get and don't you touch nothin' in dis here house.'

"And Henry say didn't nobody raid him!"

—From the report of a liquor case in a Richmond (Va.) paper.

THE FACE IN THE MIRROR

Your face, does it wear the contented expression of good health, or are the features drawn and pallid? In the latter case, your story is read by all who see you, and what woman of spirit wants to be pitied for her physical condition? There is a way to get the nervous, tired lines out of your face and the slump out of your body. The use of that standard remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, will strengthen the nerves and tone up the system to resist that excessive fatigue.

4,000,000 PEOPLE

Annually use organic Nuxated Iron to build up red blood, strength and endurance.

There are thousands of people who are ageing and breaking down at a time of life when they should be enjoying that perfect health which carries defiance to disease simply because they are not awake to the condition of their blood. Without organic iron your blood carries no oxygen, and without oxygen there is nothing to unite with the carbon in your food so what you eat does you no good. It is like putting coal into a stove without fire. You can now obtain organic iron like the iron in your blood, and like the iron in spinach, lentils, and apples from any druggist under the name of Nuxated Iron. Nuxated Iron also contains the principal chemical constituent of active, living nerve force: it is, therefore, a true blood and nerve food. It helps create and rebuild new and stronger red blood cells. It feeds the body the substances which nerve force must have to give it that vital, electro-magnetic power which is stored in the nerve and brain cells of man. Nuxated Iron often increases the strength and endurance of weak, nervous, rundown men and women in two weeks time. The manufactrarers guarantee successful results to every purchaser or they will refund your money.

HELPS MAKE RICH, RED BLOOD

NUXATED IRON ENRICHES THE BLOOD-GIVES YOU NEW STRENGTH AND ENERGY

IngomaR
TODAY

Sea Board presents
"DIAMOND CARLISLE"
A Western Feature With
Milburn Morante
Also 2 reel Fox Comedy

TOMORROW

AL HART
—In—
"FLOWING GOLD"

Richmond
TODAY

Mona
Kingsley
in
"Living Lies"
Usual Added Attractions and Orchestra Music Each Evening.

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON RESTAURANT
726 King Street
Alexandria's Leading Restaurant
Good Service Reasonable Prices
Club Sandwiches a Specialty
Everything Neat and Clean

Idle Hour
Today

"THE SHEIK"
Also
Harold Lloyd
—In—
"Over the Fence"

Skill--
The live wire of our repair department means Satisfaction, a trial will convince you.

R. C. ACTON & SONS
Jewelers and Silversmiths
606 King Street

NOTICE

I have removed my entire stock of drygoods, etc., from 1315 King Street to 15 Cedar Street, Rosemont.

Mrs. C. J. Goldsworthy

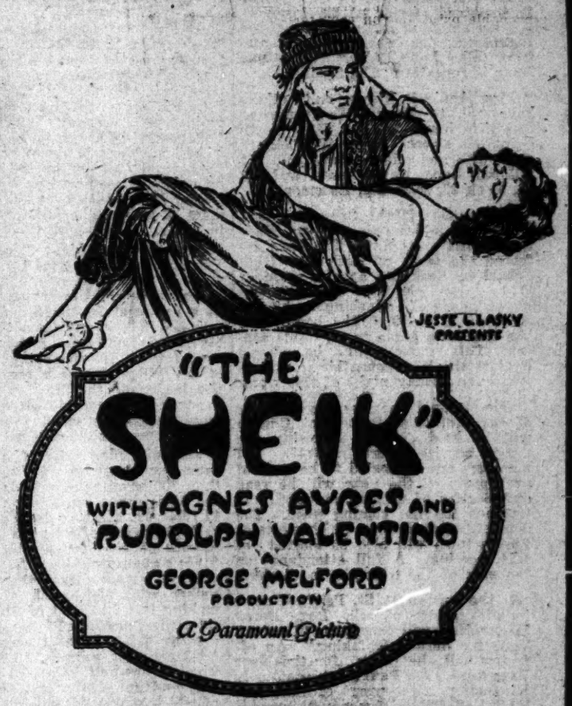
ALL KINDS OF RADIATORS

are repaired at Martin's. No matter what kind of an automobile you own, we are experts in the repairing of the radiator Our patrons are always pleased with our work in this line and at the fairness of our charges for such complicated work. Bring your radiator to us and we will make it good as new at Martin's

MARTIN'S GARAGE

Phone 262 111 North Pitt St., Alex., Va.

Idle Hour
WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY



From the World's Best Selling Novel by EDITH M. HULL

SHOW TIME
2:00 P. M. Daily
3:45 P. M. Daily
5:30 P. M. Daily
7:15 P. M. Daily
9:00 P. M. Daily

PRICES
Children 17c
Adults 25c
Including Tax

Also
HAROLD LLOYD in
"OVER THE FENCE"

Active Children

need good food. Serve them plenty of Karo on sliced bread at meals—between meals. Karo is a great energy food. Highest quality syrup—very economical. Ask your grocer to send you a can.

Everybody likes Peanut Brittle. Try this recipe:

1 cup Karo, Blue Label
1 cup Brown Sugar
2 teaspoons Mazola
2 tablespoons Water
1 cup Shelled Peanuts

Boil sugar, Karo and water until it is crisp when dropped in cold water. Just before taking from fire add Mazola and nuts. Pour into tin oiled with Mazola.

FREE Write for beautifully illustrated Cook Book to Corn Products Refining Co., Dept. A, Argo, Ill.

Karo
The Great American Syrup

"Good to the Last Drop"

MAXWELL HOUSE COFFEE
Also Maxwell House Tea
CHEEK-NEAL COFFEE CO.
NASHVILLE-HOUSTON-JACKSONVILLE-RICHMOND-NEW YORK

For Best Results Use

GAZETTE

Classified Columns

LOST AND FOUND

FOUND—WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, ON King street, a ladies' watch Owner can have same by identifying property and paying for this ad. Apply to A. F. Ellmore, 115 N. Royal St. 51-1p

WANTED

WANTED—TO RENT A HOUSE OR flat unfurnished, in neighborhood of 400 block, King St. Apply Virginia Lunch, 403 King St. 51-2p

AGENTS WANTED — TO HANDLE complete line of rapid-selling auto accessories; direct from factries to car owners. Standard equipment, adjustable to any make car. $100 capital necessary. Liberal commissions. Address Buford Martin Co., 506-508 St. Paul Place, Baltimore, Md. 51-1c

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD FOR young couple. Give full particulars in first letter. Address Box X, Y. Z., care Gazette 51-3p

ROOMS FOR RENT

FOR RENT — TWO ROOMS AND kitchenette, suitable for light housekeeping; gas, electricity; no children. Apply 220 North Columbus St. 51-2p

FOR RENT—HOUSE WITH 6 ROOMS and bath, Peyton Ave., Del Ray; $45 per month. Phone 476-J1 51-3p

FOR RENT — ONE NEWLY FURnished bedroom on second floor, next to bath; ladies or gentlemen; no children. Apply 201 S. Lee St. 51-4p

FURNISHED ROOM, WITH BOARD IF desired. 324 N. Columbus St., Alexandria, Va. A. M. 1. 50-2p

FOR RENT—KING STREET APARTment, 4 rooms and bath. Apply Richard L. Ruffner, 518 King. Phone 1091. 22—tf.

FOR RENT—CHOICE APARTMENT, furnished or unfurnished, 603 Queen Street. Apply: Mrs. Wells, 603 Queen Street, 1st floor. 18—tf.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE LARGEST buildings in town, floor space 100,000 feet; fire walls and doors, suitable for wholesale grocery, storage or factory, building detached, with back lot and stables, electric lights, built-in safes, office fixtures; everything in A1 condition. Would rent.

ALSO—Largest new apartment house in town, with 4 garages, centrally located, modern in every way.

AND—Plenty of garage and small homes in and out of town on easy terms; large and small farms. We represent the Travelers Insurance Company.
51-1p J. LEO KOLB.

FOR SALE—FORD TOURING, GOOD running condition, good tires, $100. 312 South Columbus St. 50-4p

FOR SALE—ON SOUTH FAIRFAX ST., a 6-room and bath frame in excellent condition and good neighborhood. This property can be purchased at a reasonable price and on easy terms. It will pay you to take a look at this property at once. A. H. Agnew, Realtor, 624 King St. 49-3p

FOR SALE, CHEAP—MAN'S BICYCLE, girl's bicycle, some tools, brass bed, dining table, stove, chairs, books, garden tools, wheelbarrow, and other articles. G. Arthur Fowler, 1023 Duke St. 49-3p e o d

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—You to know that Wolfson's Tailor Shop has moved from 307 King street to 310 King street. Phone 1097.
38-26c

FOR RENT
King Street store, 18 foot front. Best location, good show window. One block from Washington Street.
MORRIS L. HORNER
612 King Street
51-26c.

The New York Bargain House
formerly of 411 King Street temporary located at 132 North Royal Street.
37-tf.

Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac R. R.

South		North
	New York-Jacksonville	
3:32 a. m.	(A. C. L.)	11:30 p. m.
	Washington-Richmond	
7:57 a. m.	(Local)	11:47 a. m.
	New York-Atlanta-Jacksonville	
9:12 a. m.	(S. A. L.)	8:30 p. m.
	New York-Florida	
9:47 a. m.	(A. C. L.)	6:11 a. m.
	Washington-Fredericksburg	
k10:20 a. m.	(Local)	8:04 a. m.
	Washington-Richmond	
12:02 p. m.	(Express)	2:16 p. m.
	Washington-Fredericksburg	
z3:07 p. m.	(Local)	8:04 a. m.
	New York-Augusta-Florida	
3:32 p. m.	(A. C. L.)	12:05 p. m.
	Washington-Atlanta-Birmingham	
5:17 p. m.	(S. A. L.)	11:55 a. m.
	Washington-Richmond	
5:27 p. m.	(Local)	*5:52 p. m.
	New York-Columbia	
8:12 p. m.	(S. A. L.)	7:18 a. m.
	New York-Florida	
9:57 p. m.	(A. C. L.)	8:15 a. m.
	New York-Tampa-St. Petersburg	
10:02 p. m.	(S. A. L.)	8:28 a. m.

(k)—Sundays only.
(z)—Week days only.
(*)—Week days. On Sundays 8:17 p. m.
S. D. Shelton, Ticket Agent, Alexandria, Va., J. H. Mordecai, Traffic Manager, Richmond, Va.

COMMON COUNCIL OFFICIAL

At a regular meeting of the Common Council of the city of Alexandria, Va., held February 28, 1922, there were present H. R. Burke, Esq., president, and Messrs. McCaffrey, Ruben, Ticer, Reed, Watties, Desmond, Drury, Sullivan, Baggett, Lawler, Fletcher and Devers.

An ordinance defining what portion of a street shall be improved at the cost of the city council and property owners, etc., was recommended by the joint committee on streets and finance, and read the second and third time and passed. Ayes 13, noes 0.

Bills from the Alexandria County Lighting Company for services rendered at Armory Hall, amounting to $73.69, were recommended by the committee on finance and ordered paid.

An ordinance instructing the mayor to execute a contract with the Alexandria County Lighting Company for additional lamps for street lighting, etc., was read the first time and referred to the joint committee on light and finance.

An ordinance empowering the Alexandria County Lighting Company, the C. & P. Telephone Co., theW. U. Telegraph Co. and the W. V. Railway Co. to remove poles and wires on King street from Fairfax to Patrick streets, and replace wires on poles to be erected by the Alexandria County Lighting Company, etc., was read the first time and referred to the joint committee on light and finance.

An ordinance for the imposing and collecting of taxes on persons, property, etc., was read the first time and referred to the committee on finance.

An ordinance for imposing and collecting licenses from June 1, 1922, to May 31, 1923, was read the first time and referred to the committee on finance.

A resolution accepting the proposal of the King Lumber Company, $62,467; the American Heating and Ventilating Company, $10,200, and J. Kent White, $1,419.37, for constructing, heating and electrical work on a 17-room school building and authorizing the mayor to execute contracts for same, was offered by Mr Ticer and adopted. Ayes 13, Noes 0.

A resolution instructing the chairman of the committee on public property to turn over to Alexandria-Washington Lodge of Masons an old desk now in possession of the market master, was offered by Mr. Ruben and passed.

A communication from Edward J. McDermont, chief of fire department, rpquesting replacement of equipment in the department, was referred to the joint committee on fire and finance.

A petition from Mr. James Caporaletti to erect sign over sidewalk on 1800 block, west King street, was referred to the committee on streets.

A petition from R. B. Washington, attorney for Howard D. Thomas, to purchase a lot from the city at No. 126 North Fayette street, was referred to the joint committee on public property and finance.

A resolution endorsing ten names for the selection of a game warden for the city by the commissioners of games and fisheries was received from the Board of Aldermen and passed.

The board then adjourned.

H. R. BURKE, President.
DANIEL R. STANSBURY, Clerk.

NOTICE
I will buy all kinds of gents clothing, send a postal or phone 1097, I will call.
WOLFSON'S TAILOR SHOP
310 King Street
38-26c

Bargains in Used Cars
FORD, DODGE
CHEVROLET
Time Payments Arranged
AERO AUTO CO., Inc.
1101 King Street
Alex, Va. Phone 820

Fannon's Coal is Popular

Because It Is ALL COAL

H. B. TRIBBY

General Contractor

Get our estimates on anything you expect to build.

102 South St. Asaph St.
Phone 432
24-26c.

WASHINGTON-VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO. NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Winter schedule of trains between Washington, Alexandria and Mt. Vernon, effective 1:00 A. M., December 1, 1921. Daily except Sunday and holidays.

Leave Washington for Alexandria, Mt. Vernon and intermediate stations: A. M., 6:00, 6:15*, 6:35, 6:50, 7:05, 7:10, 7:15*, 7:20, 7:25, 7:33, 7:35, 7:40, 7:50, 8:00, 8:10, 8:15*, 8:30, 8:45, 9:00*, 9:15, 9:30*, 9:45, 10:00*, 10:15, 10:30*, 10:45, 11:00*, 11:15, 11:30*, 11:45, 12:00* noon, P. M., 12:15, 12:30*, 12:45, 1:00*, 1:15, 1:30*, 1:45, 2:00*, 2:15, 2:30*, 2:45, 3:00*, 3:15, 3:30*, 3:45, 3:53, 4:00*, 4:05, 4:10, 4:15, 4:20, 4:25, 4:30, 4:35, 4:40, 4:45, 4:50, 4:55, 5:00*, 5:05, 5:10, 5:15, 5:20, 5:28, 5:35, 5:43, 5:50, 5:55, 6:00*, 6:05, 6:10, 6:15, 6:20, 6:30, 6:45, 7:00*, 7:20, 7:40, 8:00*, 8:20, 8:40, 9:00*, 9:20, 9:40, 10:00*, 10:20, 10:40, 11:00, 11:15, 11:25*, 11:45, 12:15, 12:50.

*Mt. Vernon trains.

Leave Alexandria for Washington and intermediate stations: A. M., 5:00, 5:40, 6:00, 6:15, 6:30, 6:40, 6:45, 6:55, 7:00, 7:10, 7:17, 7:25, 7:35, 7:40, 7:42, 7:45, 7:50, 7:55, 8:00, 8:05, 8:10, 8:15, 8:20, 8:30, 8:45, 8:55, 9:10, 9:25, 9:40, 9:55, 10:10, 10:25, 10:40, 10:55, 11:10, 11:25, 11:40, 11:55.—P. M. 12:10, 12:25, 12:40, 12:55, 1:10, 1:25, 1:40, 1:55, 2:10, 2:25, 2:40, 2:55, 3:10, 3:25, 3:40, 3:55, 4:10, 4:15, 4:23, 4:25, 4:35, 4:40, 4:45, 4:52, 4:55, 5:00, 5:05, 5:15, 5:20, 5:25, 5:30, 5:35, 5:40, 5:45, 5:55, 6:10, 6:25, 6:40, 7:00, 7:20, 7:40, 8:00, 8:20, 8:40, 9:00, 9:20, 9:40, 10:00, 10:20, 10:40, 10:55, 11:15, 11:40, 12:15.

Leave Mt. Vernon for Alexandria, Washington and intermediate stations: A. M., 6:15, 7:15, 8:30, 9:12, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 noon; P. M. 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15, 12:20x.

Leave Alexandria for Mt. Vernon, daily except Sundays and holidays: A. M., 5:35, 6:45, 7:45, 8:49, 9:39, 10:30, 11:30. P. M. 12:30, 1:30, 2:30 3:30, 4:20, 5:30, 6:30, 7:36, 8:36, 9:36, 10:36, 11:55x. 10:36, 11:55.

xTrain runs to Four Mile Run only.

Pocket schedule may be obtained at all ticket offices.—Washington-Virginia Railway Co.
282-bc

SITUATION WANTED

A thoroughly trained office man, 30 years of age, desires a new connection in Alexandria. Record wide open and clean. Competent to handle entire office. College education and have completed special executive training. Accountancy and cost training. Married and a permanent resident of this city. Employed at present, best of reasons for desiring change. Best of references. Salary no object to start. If any firm can use an honest, progressive and wide awake hustler, address box No. 500. Gazette.

I have finished making a large assortment of trousers. See my line of spring samples for that new suit.

H. C. SMITH
919 King Street
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Southern Railway System

South.		North.
2:37 a.m.	Memphis Special	12:15 a.m.
*3:37 a.m.	Washington-Harrisonburg (Local)	8:43 p.m.
7:37 a.m.	Washington-Danville (Local)	8:18 p.m.
8:37 a.m.	Washington-Danville (Express)	
9:17 a.m.	New York-New Orleans	10:48 p.m.
9:22 a.m.	Washington-Harrisonburg (Local)	9:13 p.m.
3:47 p.m.	Birmingham Special	12:18 p.m.
4:12 p.m.	Washington-Harrisonburg (Local)	11:06 a.m.
4:22 p.m.	Washington-Charlottesville (Local)	10:58 a.m.
5:22 p.m.	Washington-Warrenton (Local)	7:58 a.m.
7:17 p.m.	N. Y.-Augusta-Asheville	7:18 a.m.
10:07 p.m.	Washington-Atlanta	7:23 a.m.
10:17 p.m.	Chattanooga Limited	7:28 a.m.
11:12 p.m.	New York-New Orleans (Limited)	8:23 a.m.

*Daily except Sundays.
S. D. Shelton, Ticket Agent, Alexandria, Va.
S. B. Burgess, Div. Pass. Agent, Washington, D. C.

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A savings account in this strong bank will protect you against the proverbial "RAINY DAY." It will also assure you money at any time you may need it.

3 per cent Interest on Savings

ALEXANDRIA NATIONAL BANK
Alexandria, Va.

ON THE 5:15

BILL, I JUST HIRED THE DANDIEST LITTLE STENOGRAPHER—HER NAME IS MYRTLE, THAT'S THE WIFE'S NAME TOO
WAIT TILL THE FELLOWS SEE HER. THEY'LL SAY I KNOW HOW TO PICK 'EM
I'M LUCKY TO HAVE YOU WORKING FOR ME YOU'RE A GOOD GIRL, MYRTLE
WELL HOW'S THE NEW STENOG?
FINE BILL!!
MYRTLE YOU'RE A WONDERFUL GIRL
JOHN IS TALKING IN HIS SLEEP—HE'S DREAMING OF ME. BLESS HIM—I'LL GO GIVE HIM A KISS
YOU'RE THE NICEST LITTLE STENOGRAPHER I EVER HAD
WHAT!
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SECAP 3-8

VIRGINIA LIME STONE DATA

There were 2,403,000 domestic animals on Virginia farms on Jan. 1, 1922 valued at $74,229,000 compared with 2,494,000 animals last year valued at $97,908,000 according to the animal report to the U. S. Bureau of Markets and Crop Estimates.

During the past year there has been a decrease of 3.7 percent in numbers and 24.2 per cent in total value of live stock in the State. Since the record year of 1920, when the live stock industry reached its peak, the number of all stock has dropped 7.7 per cent and the value 39.3 per cent. The only class of live stock that shows an increase is milk cows, the number of which increased 1 per cent during the past year, and is now 8 per cent greater than in 1914.

Owing to the change in the time of taking the last Census, it is difficult to make comparsions with previous years, but converting pre-war estimates to the Jan. 1, basis, the figures show that there are fewer horses and sheep on farms now than in 1914, while there are more mules, milk cows, cattle and swine. The value per head of horses, mules, and cattle is less than in 1914, but the value of milk cows, sheep and swine is greater than in 1914.

The greatest decrease during the past year in the number of cattle, which dropped from 487,000 on Jan. 1, 1921 to 448,000 in 1922, a decline of 8 per cent. The large number of calves vealed, and the heavy financial losses of cattlemen are reported to be the cause for the decrease compared with last year. In the United States there are 1.6 per cent less cattle than last year.

The number of swine on Jan. 1, 1922 was 805,000 compared with 847,000 last year, a decrease of 42,000 or 5 per cent. Owing to the great demand for pork products during the war, Virginia farmers increased their herds nearly 70 per cent over the pre-war number, and although there has been a decrease of 15 per cent during the past years. the number of hogs is still 42 per cent greater than in 1914. In the United States swine increased 1.6 per cent over last year.

The sheep industry is again on the decline. The reduction in flocks which started in 1912 was stopped in 1917, after which the number of sheep increased each year until 1920, when the downward movement began once more at the rate of 2 per cent a year in 1920 and 1921. The number of farms this year is estimated to be 328,000, compared with 335,000 last year and 439,000 in 1910. Losses due to stray dogs, the low price of wool, and the marketing of a greater percentage of the lamb crop than usual are the causes assigned for the decline. The total number of sheep in the United States is 3.7 per cent less than last year.

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WOOD—Stove length, $12.00 per cord. Call 776 or 268.
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BANDED SAILORS

Among the new hats for wear with tailored or sport suits. These are in straight-crown and bell-crown shapes, with cushion brim.

The sailors are of lisere and china piping straw, finished with silk grosgrain ribbon and silk lining.

The colors are brown, navy and black. Some are underfaced with white.

There are also hundreds of other smart styles in sport hats at the same price. Choice—

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SCHOOL DAYS — By DWIG

I'M GOING WITH MERCER MAMMA—TO WATCH HIM FLY HIS NEW KITE!
HURRY UP! HURRY UP, IF YOU'RE GOIN' WITH ME! DONT BE ALL DAY!
DWIG
WHY GIRLS LEAVE HOME

Girls, Have You a Radio Garter

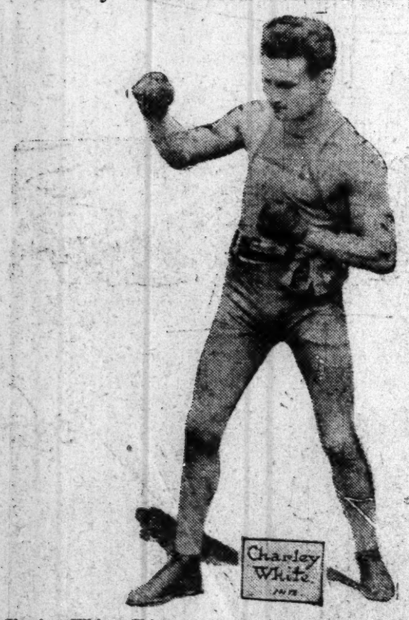
Newest medium for picking up gossip is this radiophone—made in the manner of a garter. The dinky little outfit was invented by Walter E. Miller, of a Seattle newspaper, and here is being worn by Miss Julia Elmendorff. With the radiophone on her knee, she is able to sit at her desk and pick up radio news for the newspaper.

Richest Quintet Pays Huge Income Tax

A quintet of American multi-millionaires have paid taxes to the Internal Revenue Bureau at Washington on incomes of more than $5,000,000 each, declare official reports from that source. Two of the greatest earners are announced as residents of Michigan. Three are New Yorkers. While data on the two huge incomes from Michigan are less exact, the Internal Revenue Bureau has announced that the three New Yorkers paid to the Government a total of $18,193,979 in taxes and surtaxes. Law forbids the Revenue Bureau to give the names of the men.

Authorities in financial circles, however, declare that the quintet shown in the accompanying picture are the five greatest earners in America. They are: John D. Rockefeller, Standard Oil magnate; George F. Baker, New York banker; Charles M. Schwab, head of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation; Henry Ford, Detroit automobile manufacturer and Edsel Ford, his son, active head of the Ford Motor Company.

Charley White Meets Leonard in Title Bout



Charley White, Chicago scrapper, is slated to meet Benny Leonard in a bout for the lightweight crown. White earned a crack at the honors held by Leonard when he recently battered his way to victory in a fifteen-round setto with Willie Jackson at Madison Square Garden. Leonard already has signed articles clinching a match with White.

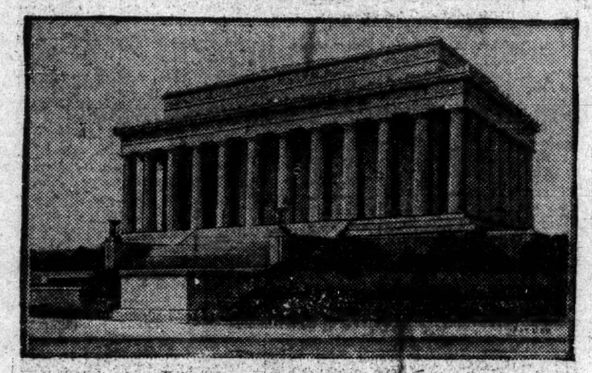
Hoist Your Shamrock! Erin Go Bragh! 'Tis Time to Celebrate!

Erin Go Bragh Got a shamrock in your lapel? Today Ireland is cel ebrating the most momentous anniversary of St. Patrick in the history of the new Free State. With her own government now functioning und er terms of the Anglo-Irish Treaty, the "land of the shamrock" is enjoying the tranquility of peace after 750 years of bloody warfare.

What Mount Vernon, Washington's birthplace is to America the bi rthplace, at Mallow, of Michael Collins, who commanded the Irish republican forces and is now Premier is to many in Ireland. A picture of the l eader of the Irish Republican Government is shown at the bottom of this layout. The house is in ruins and may be restored.

Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn, and president of the Irish Fre e State, is shown with Collins in the larger photographs at the top. Surrounding them are members of the first Cabinet of Ireland, comprising J. J. Walsh, Postmaster-General George Gavan Duffy, Minister of F Foreign Affairs; John O'Hogan, Minister of Agriculture; Richard Mulc ahy, Minister of Defense; Lional Lynch Minister of Education; J. MacGrath, Minister of Labor, and Kevin O'Higgins, Minister of Economics, all shown above.

Harding Will Accept Lincoln Memorial on Behalf of Nation



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Lincoln Memorial in Washington, D. C.

TEN years of the combined effort of architect, sculptor, artist and the Lincoln Memorial Commission, with the expenditure of more than $2,000,000, has brought to completion the splendid Lincoln Memorial at Washington which will be dedicated soon. The present plan is to have Chief Justice Taft present the Memorial for the Lincoln Memorial Commission. President Harding will accept it on behalf of the nation and former President Wilson will make a brief address on Lincoln.

This Memorial, a truly splendid achievement of modern art, stands at the head of a wide approach. Within the portico the great statue of Lincoln, by Daniel Chester French, is visible from a distance. From base to top the statue is over thirty feet high, the seated figure of Lincoln alone being twenty-two feet in height.

As the structure is open to the action of the elements and subjected to seasonal variations of temperature, the greatest care has been taken to construct the Memorial of materials which will provide resistance to the weather and at the same time lend beauty to the edifice.

Eight massive doors of bronze provide entrance to the Memorial, and stairways of bronze lead to the memento rooms which are placed at either end of the classic rectangle, in the center of which stands the statue of Lincoln.

Far above the statue, and blending harmoniously with Guerin's mural paintings, are six bronze beams. These beams traverse the 144-foot ceiling end to end, dividing space with strips of sombre marble. The marble is held in place by a network of rectangular intermediates, also of bronze.

An idea of the magnificence of this, our newest national shrine of honor, may be obtained when the size of these ceiling beams is considered. More than 45 tons of bronze was used in molding them. They measure 6 feet 2½ inches in breadth, and have a depth of 2 feet. They present an exposed surface of approximately 8,600 square feet.

The use of a preponderance of bronze in the construction of this great Memorial is not the only indication of the purpose of its builders to provide a truly permanent structure, for twenty thousand pounds of copper are utilized in the flashings and in the main cornice, as well as in nine thousand feet of skylight which softly light the interior of the Memorial.

Flames Char Bodies of Roma Victims

A seething mass of flames licked up the giant dirigible Roma, which exploded February 21 at Hampton Roads. The bodies of thirty-four members of the crew were charred in the fire, many of the valiant fliers being burned beyond recognition before their bodies could be extricated. Rescuers ar here shown carrying some of the charred bodies from the ruins.

First Photo of Pope's Coronation

Here is the first picture ever taken of the coronation of a Pope. Taken in St. Peter's Cathedral at Rome, the picture shows Pope Pius XI just after the Tiara of Three Crowns had been placed upon his head. He is surrounded by two glitterling lines of silver coped Cardinals.

Famous Woman Sculptor Makes Bust of President Harding

Despite the urgent business of his administration, President Harding is finding time to pose for Mrs. Sally J. Farnham, famous woman sculptor, who is making a bust of the nation's Chief Executive. At a set time the President is closeted with Mrs. Farnham and forgets all about his urgent business routine.

Minute Movie of Mary

"Our Mary" has been forced by the stern reality of a New York Federal Court to register some emotions outside of the movies. The accompanying poses of Mrs. "Doug" Fairbanks show the diminutive star as she appeared while contesting the suit of Mrs. Cora Carrington Wilkenning for $108,000, alleged to be due as a commission for "placing" Mary under contract which called for a salary of $1,000,000 per year. Things looked bad when Mary registered dejection in the first closeup. Interest in the case is registered in the second, and the third indicates hope and expectation.

Oklahoma Maid, Thirteen Is Ordained Preacher

Today Miss Ora Stoddard, thirteen, of Miami, Okla., is an ordained minister. She has been granted a license to preach by the Northeastern Oklahoma Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Last summer, in the mining districts of the Indian State, Miss Stoddard began preaching. She has filled a number of vacant pulpits and declares it is her ambition to become a foreign missionary. Miss Stoddard, who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Stoddard, is in the seventh grade at school.

Successful Passion Play Again Presented

Miss Madeleine Bigalke as Veronica, in the annual presentation of the Passion Play, "Veronica's Veil," at St. Joseph's Auditorium, in West Hoboken, N. J. The play achieved a success. The girl is seen holding the veil, which has on it the head of Christ.